



운전

DRIVING

GRAMMAR FOCUS

Verb + -고자 (하다)

-고자 is a connective ending used when the speaker has a certain purpose, intention, hope, etc. The first clause of the sentence is the reason for doing the action in the second clause. It can mean something like “wanting/hoping to,” “so as to” “with the intention of” etc.

- 새해에는 부지런한 사람이 되고자 합니다.
I **want to** be a real go-getter this year.
- 나는 미국에 와서 신발 없는 생활을 청산하고자...
After coming to America, I **hoped to** end my “shoeless” lifestyle...

Verb + -ㄴ/은 지

The construction -(으)ㄴ 지 is used to express how much time has passed since a certain action or event took place. It's often followed by a time and a verb such as 되다/넘다/지나다. It often translates as “since” or “after” in English.

- 미국에 산지 벌써 9년이 됐어요.
I've already lived in America **for** nine years.
- 미국에 온 지 2년 만에 면허를 땀어요!
Two years **after** coming to the U.S., I got my license!

Noun + 만에

The form 만에 is placed after some time noun. It's used to refer to a period of time that has passed. It often translates to “after,” or “in.” It can also appear as 만이다 at the end of a sentence, such as “오랜만이다” [It's been a while].

- 차에 탄지 1분 만에 화장실에 가고 싶었어요.
After only 1 minute in the car, I wanted to go to the restroom.
- 미국에 온 지 2년 만에 면허를 땀어요!
Two years **after** coming to the U.S., I got my license!

ACTIVITY PAGE

Vocabulary Check

A: Translate into English.

1. 면허 -

2. 모험 -

3. 새롭다 -

4. 청산하다 -

5. 필수요소 -

B: Translate into Korean.

1. to leave/set off/depart -

2. to wear (on one's feet) -

3. to be difficult/hard -

4. driving -

5. to be cool stylish -

Grammar Check

Connect clauses from the left column with clauses in the right column to complete each sentence.

영어를 배우고자 ①

엄마가 된지 ②

오랜만에 한국의 ③

내년에는 살을 빼고자 ④

㉠ 14년이 됐어요.

㉡ 가족들을 만났어요.

㉢ 미국에 왔어요.

㉣ 조깅을 시작할 거예요.

ANSWER PAGE

Vocabulary Check

A: Translate into English.

1. 면허 - **(driver's) license**
2. 모험 - **an adventure**
3. 새롭다 - **to be new**
4. 청산하다 - **to wrap up; to settle; to end**
5. 필수요소 - **essentials; must-haves**

B: Translate into Korean.

1. to leave/set off/depart - **떠나다**
2. to wear (on one's feet) - **신다**
3. to be difficult/hard - **힘들다 / 어렵다**
4. driving - **운전**
5. to be cool stylish - **멋지다**

Grammar Check

Connect clauses from the left column with clauses in the right column to complete each sentence.

- ① - ㉠ 영어를 배우고자 미국에 왔어요.
I came to the U.S. hoping to learn English.
- ② - ㉡ 엄마가 된지 14년이 됐어요.
It's been 14 years since I became a mother.
- ③ - ㉢ 오랜만에 한국의 가족들을 만났어요.
After a long time, I saw my family in Korea.
- ④ - ㉣ 내년에는 살을 빼고자 조깅을 시작할 거예요.
Next year, I'm going to start jogging to lose weight.